Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

REMARKS

The non-final Office Action dated June 22, 2010 has been received and reviewed.

Claims 1, 2, 4-15, 18-24, 26-31, and 33-49 are pending in the subject application. Each of

claims 1, 18, and 34 has been amended herein. Care has been exercised to introduce no new

matter. Applicants respectfully request reconsideration of the present Application in view of the

above amendments and the following remarks.

Rejections based on 35 U.S.C. § 103

A) **Applicable Authority**

Title 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) declares that a patent shall not issue when "the

differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the

subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a

person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains." The Supreme

Court in Graham v. John Deere counseled that an obviousness determination is made by

identifying the scope and content of the prior art, the level of ordinary skill in the prior art, the

differences between the claimed invention and prior art references, and secondary

considerations. Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1 (1966).

To support a finding of obviousness, the initial burden is on the Office to establish

the clear articulation of the reason(s) why the claimed invention would have been obvious. See

MPEP § 2142. The analysis supporting a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103 should be made explicit.

See MPEP § 2143; See also KSR v. Teleflex, 127 S. Ct. 1727 (2007). In determining the

differences between the prior art and the claims, the question under 35 U.S.C. 103 is not whether

the differences themselves would have been obvious, but whether the claimed invention as a whole would have been obvious. *See* MPEP § 2141.02(I).

To reach a proper determination of obviousness, the Examiner must step backward in time and into the shoes worn by the hypothetical "person of ordinary skill in the art" when the invention was unknown and just before it was made. In view of all factual information, the Examiner must then determine whether the claimed invention "as a whole" would have been obvious at that time to that person. Knowledge of applicant's disclosure must be put aside in reaching this determination. Impermissible hindsight must be avoided and the legal conclusion must be reached on the basis of the facts gleaned from the prior art. *See* MPEP § 2142.

B) Rejection of Claims 1-2, 8-15, 18-24, 31, 33-43, and 49

Claims 1-2, 8-15, 18-24, 31, 33-43 and 49 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,466,970 to Lee (hereinafter "Lee") in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,879,994 to Matsliach (hereinafter, "Matsliach"). Applicant respectfully submits that the rejection appears to be improper under 35 U.S.C. §102 and have, for purposes of advancing prosecution, addressed the rejection as if it was advanced under 35 U.S.C. §103(a). As a *prima facie* case of obviousness cannot be established based upon Lee in view of Matsliach, Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection, as hereinafter set forth.

<u>Independent Claim 1</u>

Independent claim 1, as amended herein, provides a method for estimating appropriate advertisement inventory. The method comprises obtaining one or more advertisement target market segment criteria from an advertiser for delivering at least one advertisement. The method also comprises generating a target market segment array

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

corresponding to each of the one or more advertisement target market segment criteria. Each

target market segment array includes a plurality of array elements corresponding to a period of

time. The method also comprises obtaining an advertisement request from one of a user and a

content provider. The advertisement request includes one or more target market data elements.

The advertisement request is associated with a time. Additionally, the method comprises upon

determining that at least one of the one or more target market data elements corresponds to a

particular one of the one or more advertisement target market segment criteria obtained from the

advertiser, incrementing a numerical identifier in one or more of the plurality of array elements

included in the target market segment array that corresponds to the particular one of the one or

more advertisement target market segment criteria, utilizing a second computing process.

Further, the method comprises processing a plurality of numerical identifiers incremented in

association with the one or more target market segment arrays to determine appropriate

advertisement inventory at a particular time. The method also comprises providing the plurality

of numerical identifiers and the one or more target market segment arrays to an advertisement

processing component. Additionally, the method comprises determining an inventory of

advertisements at the processing component based on the plurality of numerical identifiers and

the one or more target market segment arrays.

In contrast, Lee provides methods of collecting and analyzing information of

requestors who have interacted with a webpage. See Lee, col. 3, line 66-col. 4, line 4. In

particular, Lee accesses metadata comprising logged information of requestors who have

accessed webpages. See id. at col. 4, ll. 5-19. However, Lee fails to disclose any limitations

relating to determining inventories of advertisements. In fact, the portion of Lee cited in the

office action for determining payload inventory does not relate at all to providing advertisements,

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

but rather relates to collecting information associated with users who access webpages. See id. at

col. 6, 11. 15-34. Further, the rest of Lee also fails to disclose limitations related to determining

inventories of advertisements. Accordingly, Lee fails to disclose, "providing the plurality of

numerical identifiers and the one or more target market segment arrays to an advertisement

processing component" and "determining . . . an inventory of advertisements at the processing

component based on the plurality of numerical identifiers and the one or more target market

segment arrays," as recited in amended independent claim 1.

Further, Matsliach fails to cure the deficiencies of Lee. Rather, Matsliach

provides methods of facilitating communications between users. See Matsliach, Abstract.

However, Matsliach completely fails to disclose methods of determining inventories of

advertisements. Accordingly, as with Lee, Matsliach completely fails to disclose determining

inventories of advertisements based on target market segment arrays. As such, Matsliach fails to

disclose "providing the plurality of numerical identifiers and the one or more target market

segment arrays to an advertisement processing component" and "determining . . . an inventory of

advertisements at the processing component based on the plurality of numerical identifiers and

the one or more target market segment arrays," as recited in amended independent claim 1.

For at least the above-cited reasons, it is respectfully submitted that Lee in view

of Matsliach fails to describe each and every element as set forth in amended independent claim

1. As such, Applicants respectfully submit that a *prima facie* case of obviousness of independent

claim 1 cannot be established based upon Lee in view of Matsliach. As such, independent claim

1, as amended, overcomes the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection thereof. Accordingly, Applicants

respectfully request withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of independent claim 1.

4244585 v1

Page 14 of 21

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

Dependent claims 2 and 8-15 depend, either directly or indirectly, from

independent claim 1 and, accordingly, it is respectfully submitted that these claims are patentable

over Lee in view of Matsliach for at least the above-cited reasons. As such, withdrawal of the 35

U.S.C. § 103(a) rejections of these claims is respectfully requested as well. Claims 1, 2, and 8-

15 are believed to be in condition for allowance and such favorable action is respectfully

requested.

<u>Independent Claim 18</u>

Independent claim 18, as amended herein, provides a computerized advertisement

delivery system for processing advertisement requests, the advertisement requests each being

associated with one or more target market data elements. The system comprises an

advertisement client component operable to obtain one or more advertisement target market

segment criteria from an advertiser for delivering at least one advertisement and generate a target

market segment array corresponding to each of the one or more advertisement target market

segment criteria. Each target market segment array includes a plurality of array elements, each

array element corresponding to a period of time. The advertisement client component further

operable to obtain an advertisement request from one of a user and a content provider. The

advertisement request includes one or more target market data elements, and increment a

numerical identifier in one or more of the plurality of array elements corresponding to a time

associated with the advertisement request.

The system also comprises an advertisement processing component operable to

parse an advertisement associated with the advertisement request and estimate available

advertisement inventory based on the target market segment array corresponding to each of the

4244585 v1

Page 15 of 21

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

one or more advertisement target market segment criteria for delivering the at least one

Additionally, the system comprises an advertisement manager component advertisement.

operable to obtain atomic market segment data by evaluating the one or more advertisement

target market segment criteria using the target market segment arrays and to process the atomic

market segment data for at least one of capacity planning and inventory management.

In contrast, Lee provides an aggregation component for collecting and analyzing

information of requestors who have interacted with a webpage. See Lee at col. 6, ll. 15-34. In

particular, Lee accesses metadata comprising logged information of requestors who have

accessed webpages. See id. at col. 4, ll. 5-19. However, Lee fails to disclose any limitations

relating to determining inventories of advertisements. Further, the rest of the Lee reference also

fails to disclose limitations related to determining a component that estimates advertisement

inventory. Accordingly, Lee fails to disclose, "an advertisement processing component operable

to parse an advertisement associated with the advertisement request and estimate available

advertisement inventory based on the target market segment array corresponding to each of the

one or more advertisement target market segment criteria for delivering the at least one

advertisement," as recited in amended independent claim 18.

Further, Matsliach fails to cure the deficiencies of Lee. Rather, Matsliach

provides systems for facilitating communications between users. See Matsliach at col. 11, ll. 56-

64. However, Matsliach completely fails to disclose a component that determines inventories of

advertisements. Accordingly, as with Lee, Matsliach completely fails to disclose claimed

limitations of the present invention. As such, Matsliach fails to disclose "an advertisement

processing component operable to parse an advertisement associated with the advertisement

request and estimate available advertisement inventory based on the target market segment array

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

corresponding to each of the one or more advertisement target market segment criteria for

delivering the at least one advertisement," as recited in amended independent claim 18.

For at least the above-cited reasons, it is respectfully submitted that Lee in view

of Matsliach fails to describe each and every element as set forth in amended independent claim

As such, Applicants respectfully submit that a prima facie case of obviousness of

independent claim 18 cannot be established based upon Lee in view of Matsliach. As such,

independent claim 18, as amended, overcomes the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection thereof.

Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of

independent claim 18.

Dependent claims 19-24, 31, and 33 depend, either directly or indirectly, from

independent claim 18 and, accordingly, it is respectfully submitted that these claims are

patentable over Lee in view of Matsliach for at least the above-cited reasons. As such,

withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejections of these claims is respectfully requested as well.

Claims 18-24, 31, and 33 are believed to be in condition for allowance and such favorable action

is respectfully requested.

Independent Claim 34

Independent claim 34, as amended herein, provides computer-storage medium

that execute a method for estimating available advertisement inventory. The computer-storage

media comprise a payload processing component operable to obtain one or more advertisement

target market segment criteria corresponding to an advertisement request and generate one or

more target market segment arrays corresponding to each advertisement target market segment

criterion. Each target market segment array includes a plurality of array elements corresponding

4244585 v1

Page 17 of 21

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

advertisement request associated with a time, the advertisement request including one or more

to periods of time. The payload processing component is further operable to obtain an

target market data elements. Additionally, the payload processing component is further operable

to increment a numerical identifier in the plurality of array elements corresponding to the time

associated with the advertisement request. The computer-storage media also comprise a payload

manager, the payload manager operable to evaluate the one or more advertisement target market

segment criteria using the one or more target market segment arrays and to process data within

the one or more target market segment arrays to estimate available advertisement inventory.

In contrast, Lee provides methods of collecting and analyzing information of

requestors who have interacted with a webpage. See Lee at col. 3, line 66-67 – col. 4, line 4. In

particular, Lee accesses metadata comprising logged information of requestors who have

accessed web pages. See id. at col. 4, 11. 19. However, Lee fails to disclose any limitations

relating to determining advertisement inventories to present to users. In fact, the portion of Lee

cited in the office action for determining payload inventory does not relate at all to providing

advertisements, but rather relates to collecting information associated with users who access

webpages. See id. at col.6, ll. 15-34. Further, the rest of the Lee reference also fails to disclose

limitations related to determining payload inventory to present to users. Accordingly, Lee fails

to disclose, "a payload manager, the payload manager operable to evaluate the one or more

advertisement target market segment criteria using the one or more target market segment arrays

and to process data within the one or more target market segment arrays to estimate available

advertisement inventory," as recited in amended independent claim 34.

Further, Matsliach fails to cure the deficiencies of Lee. Rather, Matsliach

provides methods of facilitating communications between users. See Matsliach at Abstract.

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

However, Matsliach completely fails to disclose methods of determining payload inventories to

users. Accordingly, as with Lee, Matsliach completely fails to disclose claimed limitations of

the present invention. As such, Matsliach fails to disclose "a payload manager, the payload

manager operable to evaluate the one or more advertisement target market segment criteria using

the one or more target market segment arrays and to process data within the one or more target

market segment arrays to estimate available advertisement inventory," as recited in amended

independent claim 34.

For at least the above-cited reasons, it is respectfully submitted that Lee in view

of Matsliach fails to describe each and every element as set forth in amended independent claim

As such, Applicants respectfully submit that a prima facie case of obviousness of 34.

independent claim 34 cannot be established based upon Lee in view of Matsliach. As such,

independent claim 34, as amended, overcomes the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection thereof.

Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of

independent claim 34.

Dependent claims 35-43 and 49 depend, either directly or indirectly, from

independent claim 34 and, accordingly, it is respectfully submitted that these claims are

patentable over Lee in view of Matsliach for at least the above-cited reasons. As such,

withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejections of these claims is respectfully requested as well.

Claims 34-43 and 49 are believed to be in condition for allowance and such favorable action is

respectfully requested.

4244585 v1

Page 19 of 21

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

C) <u>Rejection of Claims 4-7, 26-30, and 44-48</u>

Claims 4-7, 26-30, and 44-48 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by Lee in view of Matsliach further in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,654,725 to Langheinrich (hereinafter "Langheinrich"). Applicant respectfully submits that the rejection appears to be improper under 35 U.S.C. §102 and have, for purposes of advancing prosecution, addressed the rejection as if it was advanced under 35 U.S.C. §103(a). As a *prima facie* case of obviousness cannot be established based upon the asserted combination of references, Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection, as hereinafter set forth.

Dependent claims 4-7, 26-30, and 44-48 depend, either directly or indirectly, from independent claims 1, 18, or 34 and, accordingly, it is respectfully submitted that these claims are patentable over Lee in view of Matsliach for at least the above-cited reasons. Further, it is respectfully submitted that Langheinrich fails to cure the deficiencies set forth above with respect to Lee in view of Matsliach, nor is Langheinrich relied upon for teaching such deficiencies. As such, withdrawal of the 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejections of this claim is respectfully requested as well. Dependent claims 4-7, 26-30, and 44-48 are believed to be in condition for allowance and such favorable action is respectfully requested.

Response Submitted: 11/22/2010

CONCLUSION

For at least the reasons stated above, it is believed that claims 1, 2, 4-15, 18-24,

26-31, and 33-49 are in condition for allowance. As such, Applicants respectfully request

withdrawal of the pending rejections and allowance of the claims. If any issues remain that

would prevent issuance of this application, the Examiner is urged to contact the undersigned -

816-474-6550 or kadsmith@shb.com (such communication via email is herein expressly

granted) – to resolve the same.

The fee for a two-month extension of time is submitted herewith by way of

electronic payment. It is believed that no additional fee is due. However, if this belief is in

error, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any amount required, or credit any

overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 19-2112, referencing attorney docket number

193645.01/MFCP145676.

Respectfully submitted,

/ Kristin D. Smith /

Kristin D. Smith Reg. No. 63,545

TLB/KSS/jc

SHOOK, HARDY & BACON L.L.P.

2555 Grand Blvd.

Kansas City, MO 64108-2613

816-474-6550